

GEOFOAM APPLICATIONS FOR COASTAL INFRASTRUCTURE

Soft Ground Associates

Solutions for green and rapid infrastructure



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<https://www.sfb-engineering.com/bio>

BLOCK MOLDING PROCESS (CONT.)



raw styrene beads

steam expanded (1st steam heating)

EPS block density is controlled by the amount of styrene beads used to make the block. More beads produce higher density.



block molding (2nd steam heating)



block placement

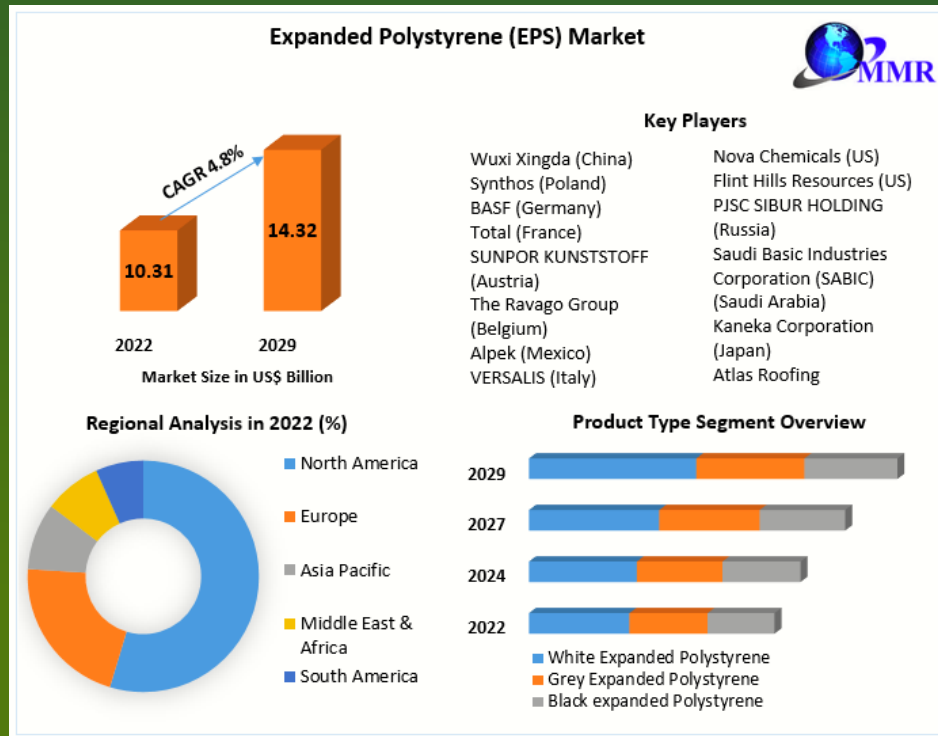


EPS GEOFOAM ADVANTAGES

- EPS geofoam is extremely **lightweight** and sufficiently **strong** to support floor slabs, roadways, traffic, soil, landscaping and other equipment loads.
- EPS construction techniques allows **accelerated construction, avoid of construction delays** and other **time and cost savings**.
- EPS is **easy to make, transport and place with trained workers**
- EPS can be **cut and shaped** either at plant or on-site to create numerous architectural and landscaping profiles.
- EPS can **create topography** without adding significant load to underlying structures or utilities, etc.



EPS GEOFOAM DEVELOPMENT



- 1972 Norway (Bridge Approach Construction)
- 1985 Norway, Oslo (1st International EPS Conference)
- 1980's Japan created EPS Development Organization
- 1990's U.S had first EPS roadway projects
- 1996 Japan, Tokyo (2nd International EPS Conference)
- 1998 U.S. Winter Olympics, Salt Lake City (Largest EPS project worldwide)
- 2001 U.S. , Salt Lake City (3rd International EPS conference)
- 2011 Norway, Lillestrom (4th International EPS conference)
- 2018 Turkey, Cyprus (5th International EPS conference)

Countries with EPS projects

Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Turkey, Saudi Arabia, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Russia, Serbia, Sweden, The UK, India, China, Malaysia, Thailand, The Philippines, South Korea, Taiwan, Australia, South Africa



DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS

- Material Considerations
 - EPS Density
 - Compressive Strength
 - Insect Control
 - Flame Resistance
 - Moisture Absorption
 - Chemical Resistance
- Design Considerations
 - Dead Loads
 - Concentrated Loads
 - Integration with Pavement Systems
 - Seismic Loadings
 - Drainage / Buoyancy
 - Stability of Adjacent Ground
 - Settlement
 - Bearing Capacity
- Construction Considerations
 - Bedding Material
 - Compaction
 - Handling
 - Block Dimensions
 - Block Layout & Placement
 - Cover, Fire and UV protection
- Quality Assurance/Control
 - Specifications / Provisions
 - Testing and Sampling
 - Inspection
 - Corrective Action



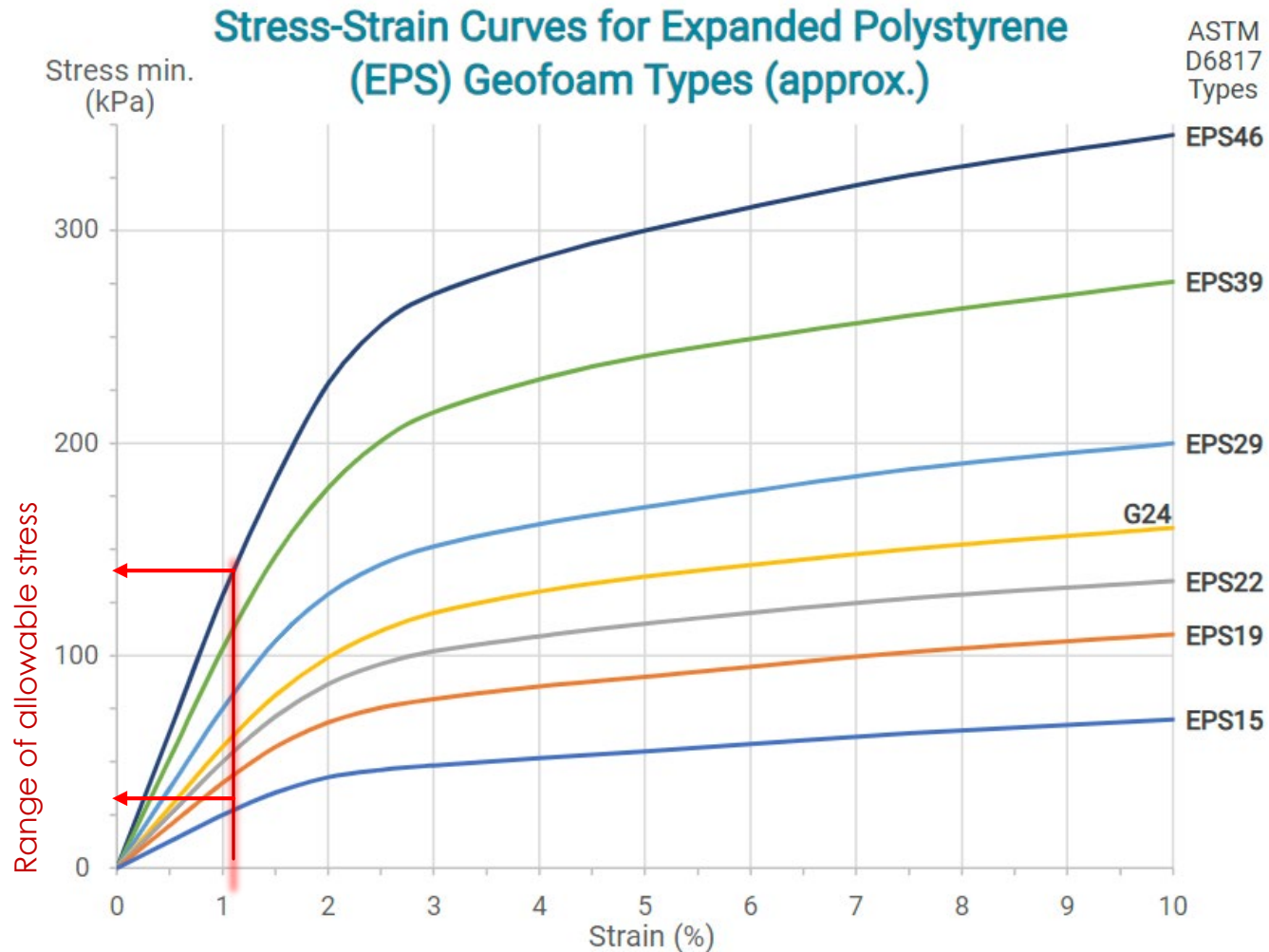
SUMMARY OF EPS GEOFOAM PROPERTIES

Physical Properties of Foam-Control EPS Geofoam^{1,2}

TYPE - ASTM D6817		EPS12	EPS15	EPS19	EPS22	EPS29	EPS39	EPS46
Density, min.	lb/ft ³ (kg/m ³)	0.70 (11.2)	0.90 (14.4)	1.15 (18.4)	1.35 (21.6)	1.80 (28.8)	2.40 (38.4)	2.85 (45.7)
Compressive resistance @ 1% deformation, min.	psi psf (kPa)	2.2 320 (15)	3.6 520 (25)	5.8 840 (40)	7.3 1050 (50)	10.9 1570 (75)	15.0 2160 (103)	18.6 2680 (128)
Elastic Modulus	psi (kPa)	220 (1500)	360 (2500)	580 (4000)	730 (5000)	1090 (7500)	1500 (10300)	1860 (12800)
Flexural Strength min.	psi (kPa)	10.0 (69)	25.0 (172)	30.0 (207)	35.0 (240)	50.0 (345)	60.0 (414)	75.0 (517)
Water Absorption by total immersion, max.,	volume %	4.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Oxygen Index, min.,	volume %	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0
Buoyancy Force	lb/ft ³ (kg/m ³)	61.7 (990)	61.5 (980)	61.3 (980)	61.1 (980)	60.6 (970)	60.0 (960)	59.5 (950)

Source: ASTM D6817

STRENGTH AND COMPRESSIVE RESISTANCE



LIGHTWEIGHT, EASE OF TRANSPORT AND PLACEMENT



photo source:
geojuanjo.blogspot.com



photo courtesy of
BASF- Kuala Lumpur,
Malaysia



photo courtesy of
<http://www.architecture.org/>

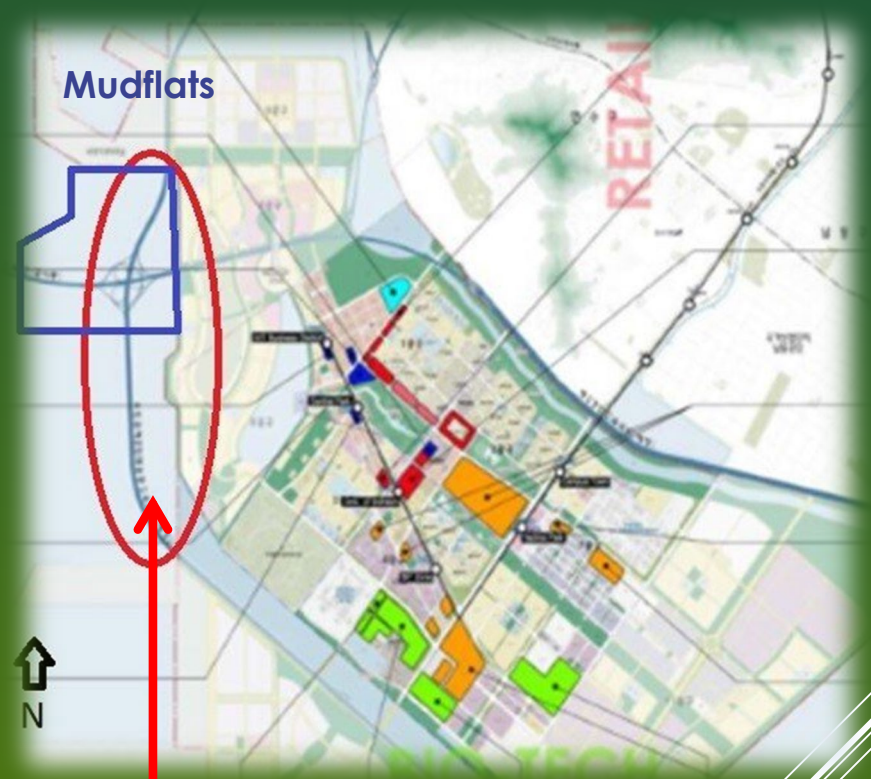


PRIMARY APPLICATIONS OF EPS GEOFOAM

- Coastal Engineering
 - Enclosures, Tunnels, Walkways, Parks, Green Roofs
 - Roadway Over Reclaimed Land
 - Bridges on Soft Soil
 - Floating Roadways and Bridges
 - Floating Platforms and Lightweight Buildings
 - Landscaping and Green roofs
- Lightweight fill and insulation against buried structures
- Culverts, pipelines, utilities
- Stadium and theater seating
- Airport runway and taxiways
- Roadway construction
- Rail embankment
- Bridge abutments
- Bridge underfill
- Accelerated bridge construction
- Compensating foundations
- Slope stabilization
- Retaining and buried wall backfill
- Raising of Levees and Dikes
- Foundation for lightweight structures



Enclosures, Tunnels, Walkways, Parks



Elevated Highway & Interchange over the mudflats

- Ecological impact to mudflats
- Visual Impact
- Traffic Sound
- Air Pollution

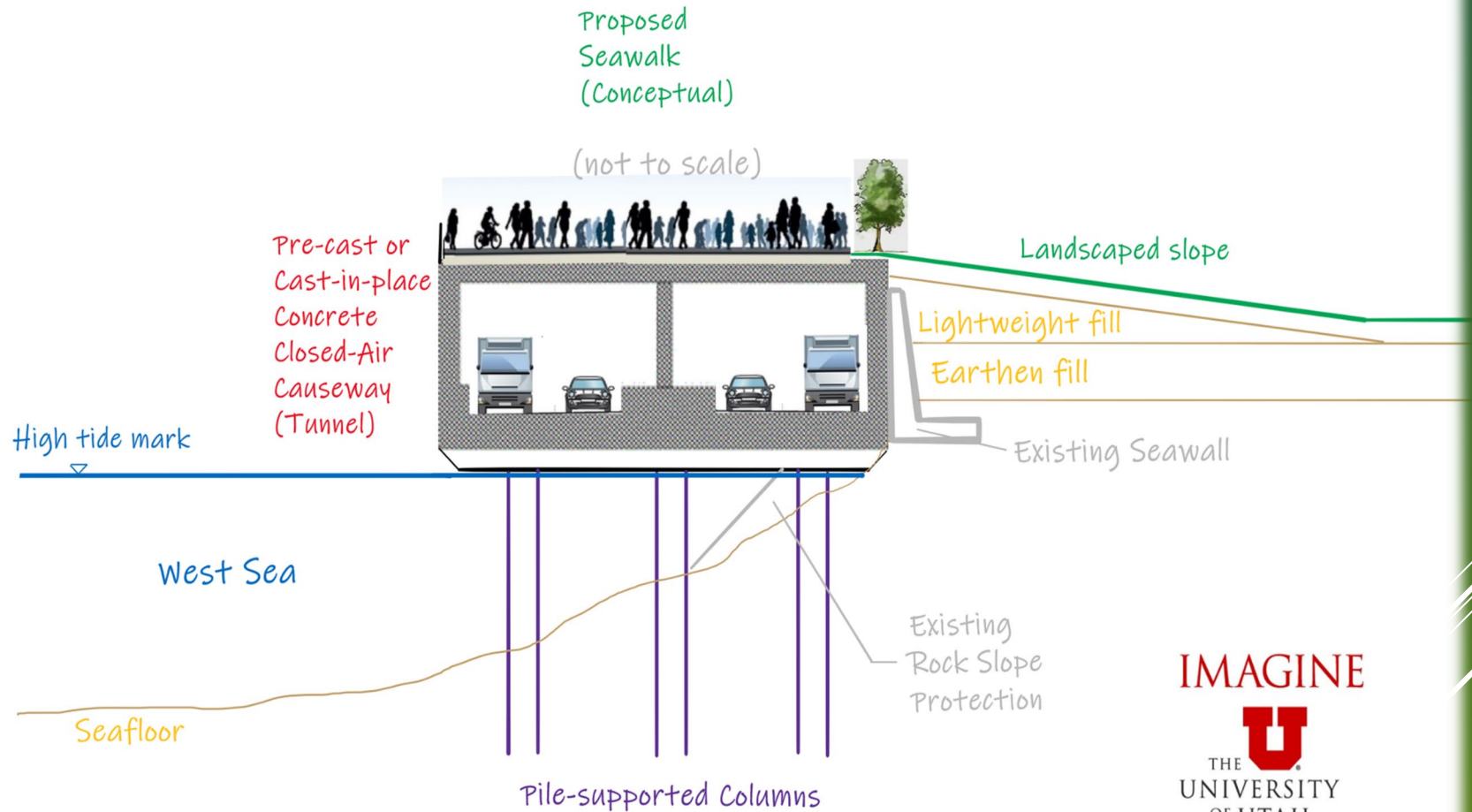


Enclosures, Tunnels, Walkways, Parks

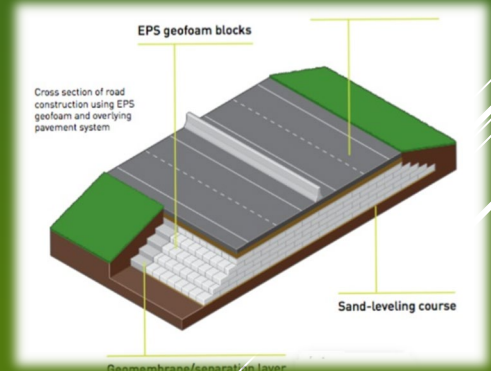


CASE STUDIES / M-Rio, Madrid, Spain

Enclosures, Tunnels, Walkways, Parks



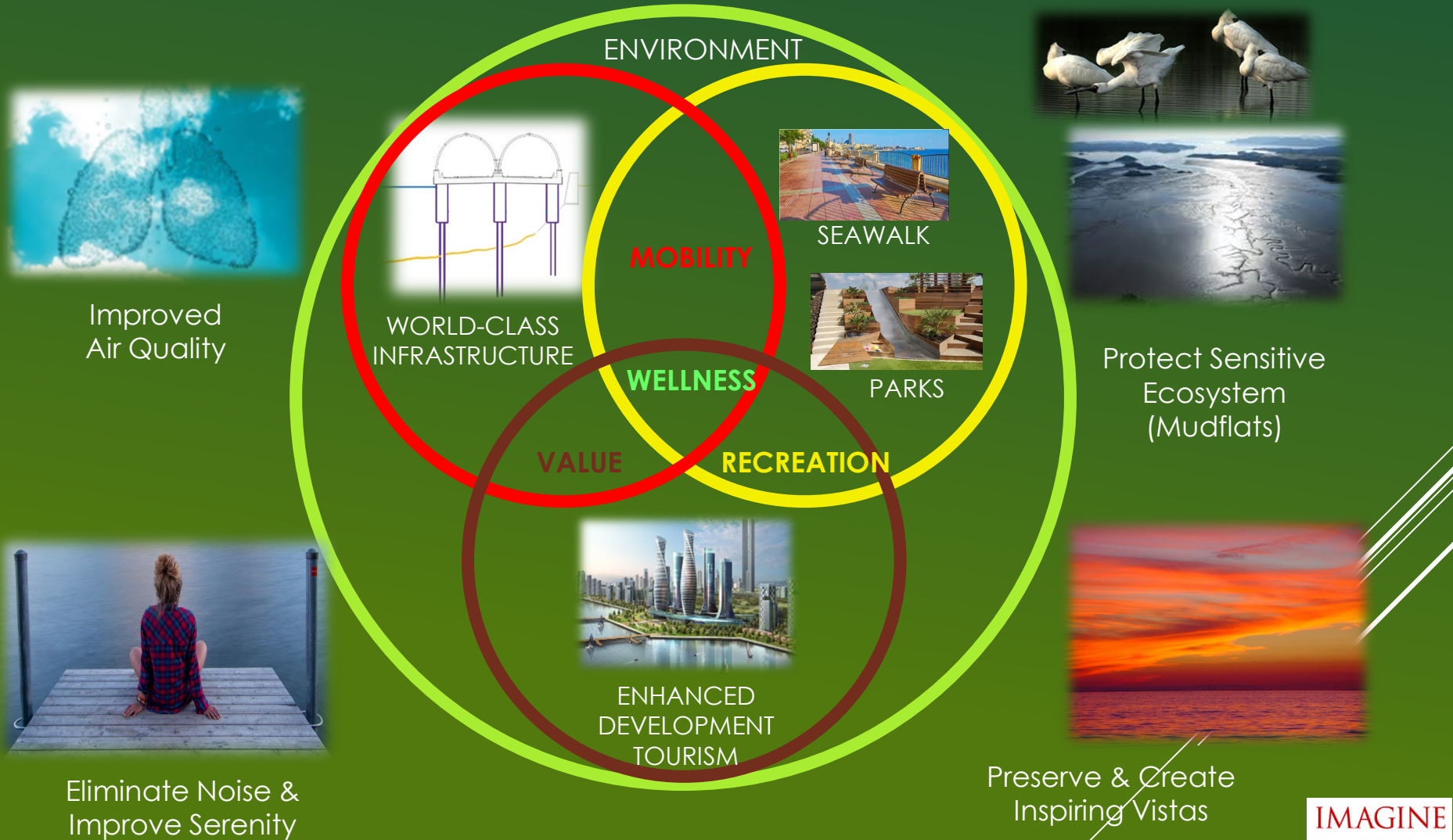
Enclosures, Tunnels, Walkways, Parks



POSSIBLE LANDSCAPING AND PARK CONCEPTS

<https://www.sfb-engineering.com/global-engineering-blog>

Enclosures, Tunnels, Walkways, Parks



COMMUNITY WELLNESS

Enclosures, Tunnels, Walkways, Parks

Mission Rock Development, San Francisco, CA



TISHMAN SPEYER
Where Matters



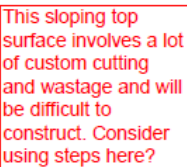
MISSION
ROCK
RESIDENTIAL

LANGAN

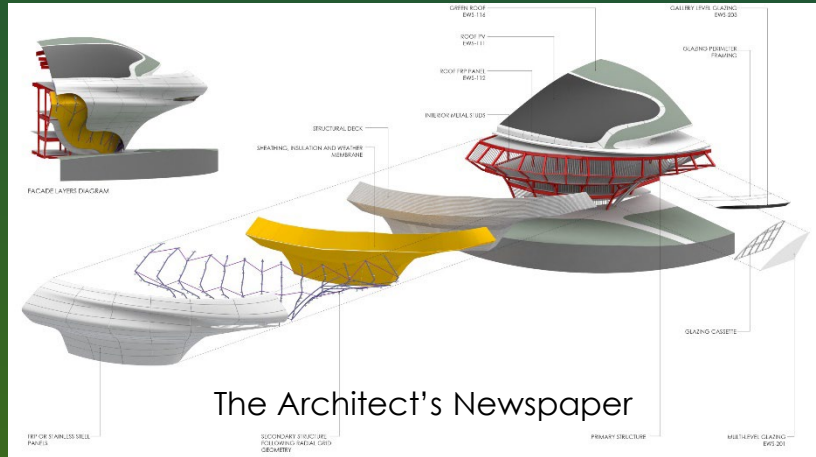


TERRACES – DISNEY SHANGHAI – RECLAIMED GROUND





GREEN ROOF – LUCAS MUSEUM



<https://lucasmuseum.org/building/>



Video from Los Angeles Times



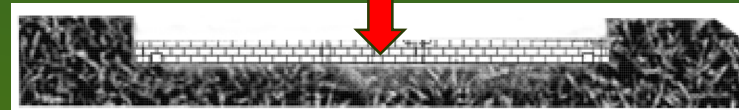
ROADWAYS OVER RECLAIMED LAND

RAPID CONSTRUCTION - ZERO NET LOAD WITH GEOFOAM

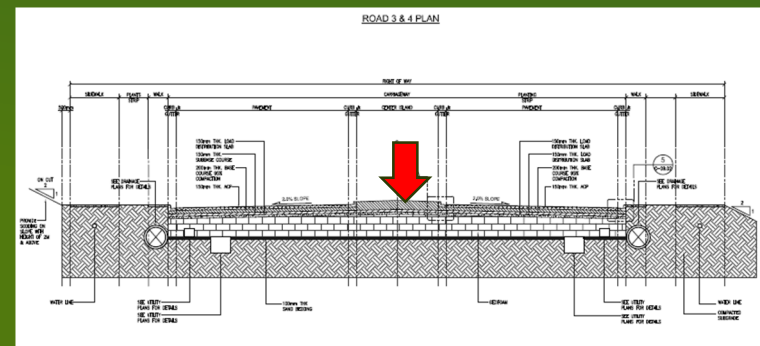
- 1) Subexcavation = weight of new pavement section



- 2) Partial replacement with EPS blocks



- 3) Construction of final roadway



Reclaimed Land



Reclaimed Land – Manila Philippines



BRIDGES ON SOFT SOIL



UTA –Light Rail – Salt Lake City, Utah



FLOATING TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES



Shiziguan Forest floating bridge in China

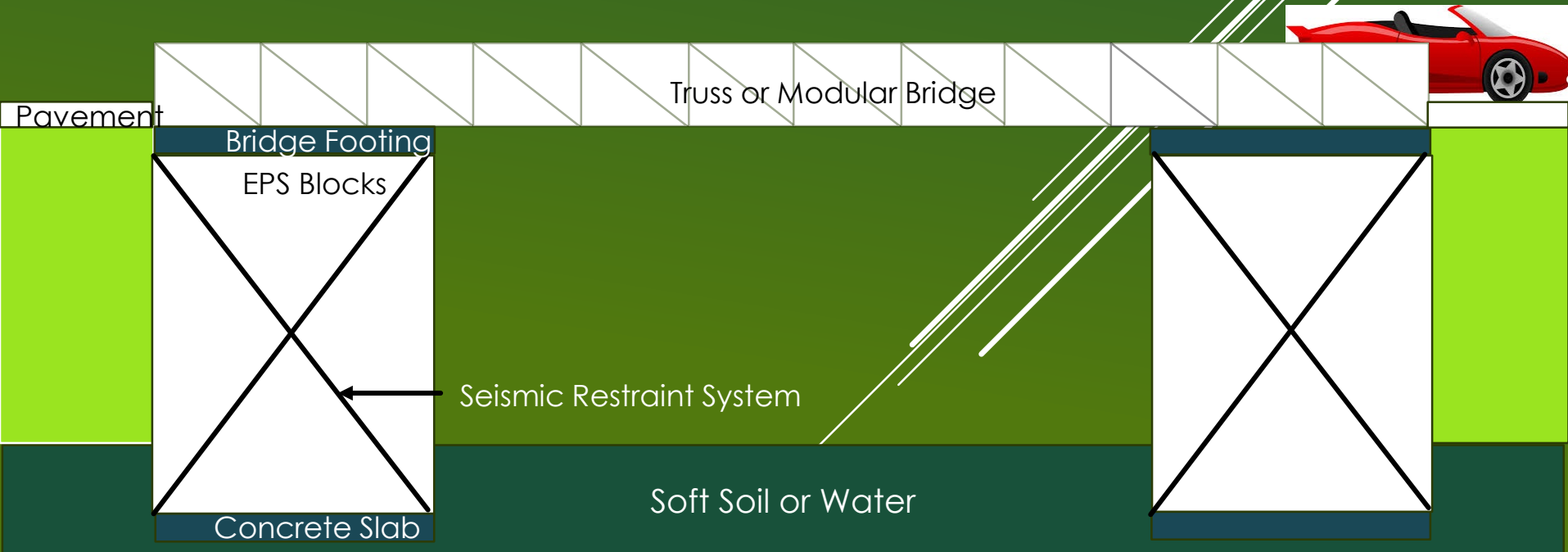


Mercer Island Bridge, Seattle, Washington

ACCELERATION BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION WITH EPS



Lokkeberg Bridge, Norway



CONSTRUCTION OF FLOATING PLATFORMS

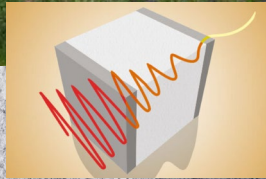


<http://amphibioushomes.weebly.com/floating-foundations--bases.html>



FLOATING PLATFORMS AND BUILDINGS

Structural insulated panel
With polystyrene core



SIPs can be up to 70 percent more
energy efficient than conventional
buildings



SIP Construction



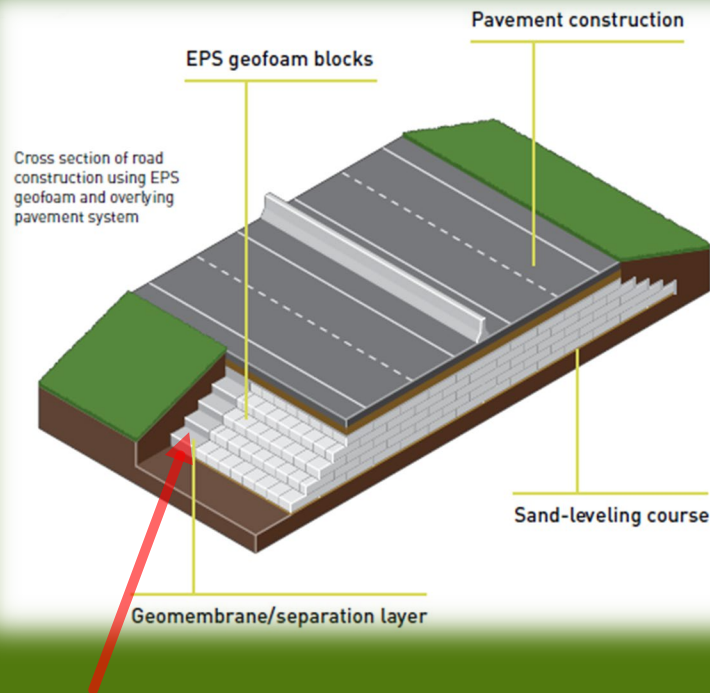
MATERIAL AND CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS

- Chemical resistance - EPS geofoam does not decompose nor is affected by road salts. Petroleum products and other chemicals can damage EPS, so incorporation of protective layers or barriers is used (e.g., soil cover, concrete slabs, geo-membranes, etc.).
- Flammability - EPS is combustible when exposed to an oxygen source, so it is important to cover with non-flammable materials (i.e., soil, etc.) and include a flame retardant. Geofoam is usually isolated by membranes, soils, or pavement in the finished application.



CHEMICAL RESISTANCE CONSIDERATIONS

- (1) The possibility of petroleum spill is less **because heavy truck and vehicle traffic is not present.**
- (2) The consequences of **potential damage to the EPS** are less because **landscaping applications** are less critical than roadway applications.

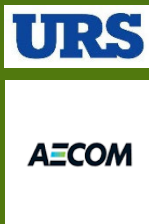


**Method 1 – Sloped Embankment
With Geomembrane Separation Layer**

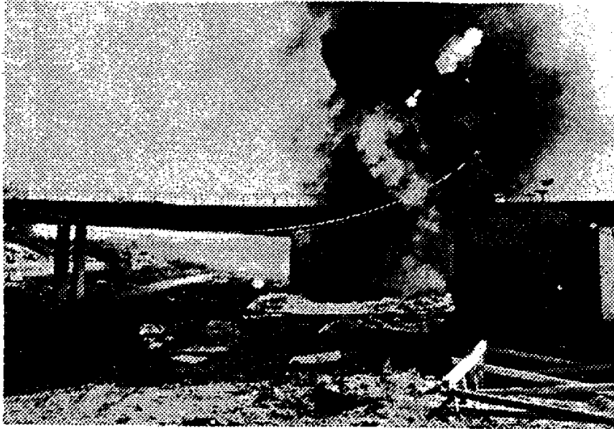


**Method 2 – Vertical embankment capped with
concrete load distribution slab (LDS) and precast
concrete panels**

*Note U.S. Federal Highways Administration
will accept either method*



FLAMMABILITY CONSIDERATIONS



a) EPS embankment on fire. Knatten bridge, Norway.



Fig. 34 Bridge abutment damaged by EPS blocks put on fire (NPRA)

Ordinary Expanded Polystyrene is a combustible material and will burn when set on fire. For this reason some precautions should be taken when **constructing** EPS fills using the normal quality material. Such precautions may include fencing in any stockpiles on site and provide round the clock guards, or place the blocks directly in the fill as they arrive on site, working round the clock shifts if necessary.

Alternatively a **self-extinguishing quality of EPS may be used** at approximately 5 % increase in production costs. **Once the EPS is covered** by the pavement material on top and soil on the side slopes, however, **there will not be sufficient oxygen available to sustain a fire.**

Two failures due to fires have occurred in Norway and were caused by welding activities on bridge abutments adjacent to EPS fills during the construction phase. So the fire potential should not be overlooked and in some counties in Norway the local highway offices are using self-extinguishing material at the somewhat higher cost in order to exclude fire hazards. A third fire incident is reported from Japan. (**Proceedings of EPS 1996 – Japan**)



Statens vegvesen

Norwegian Public Roads Administration

FLAMMABILITY CONSIDERATIONS

Option 1 – Use Flame Retardant Additive

FIRE CHARACTERISTICS

- Limiting Oxygen Index: min. 24% per ASTM D2863. Airfoam's EPS for construction applications contains a polymeric (non-HBCD) fire retardant modifier.

Surface Burning Characteristics

- **Canada:** CAN/ULC-S102.2: Flame-Spread Rating ≤ 290 , Smoke Developed Classification over 500.
- **USA:** ASTM E84 (UL 723)^a: Flame Spread Index ≤ 25 , Smoke-Developed Index ≤ 450 up to 6" thick.

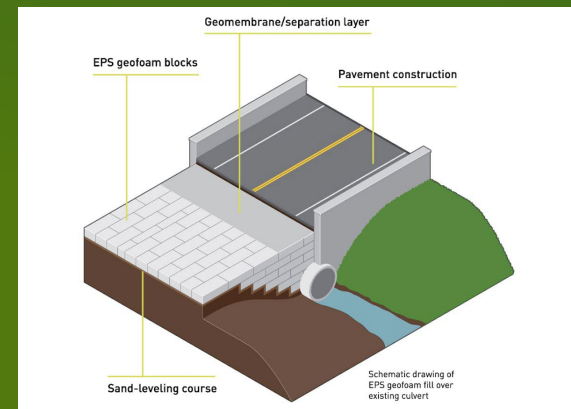
<https://www.airfoam.com/geofoam/Geofoam-Technical-Summary.pdf>

Option 2 - Construction Precautions

- Prohibit smoking or any other ignition sources near the EPS block storage and staging area at the job site.
- Keep all sources of ignition away from the installed geofoam area, such as:
 - Welding
 - Open flames
 - Cutting torches
 - Cutting or grinding tools
 - Sources of static or electrical discharge



Option 2 cont. – Cover or Incapsulate Block



REUSE AND RECYCLING

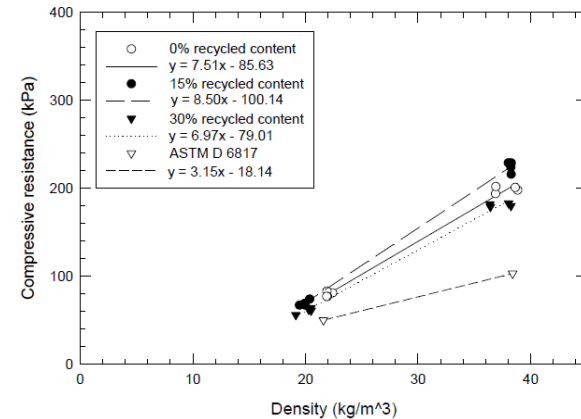
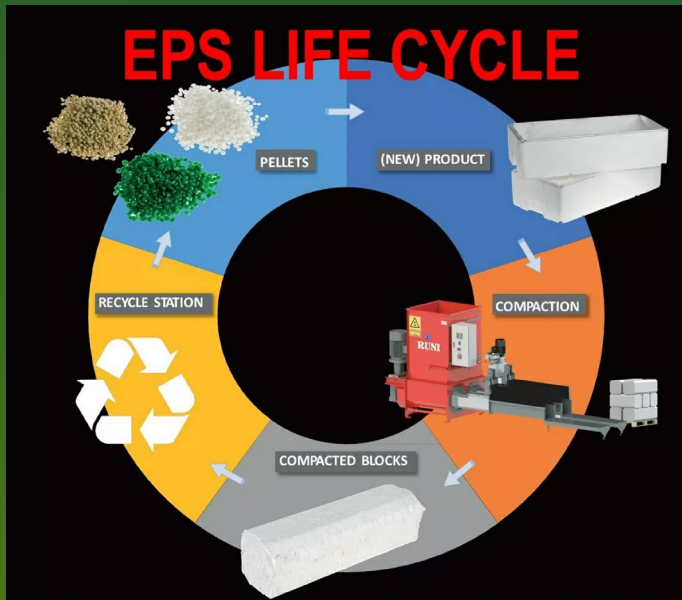


Figure 1. Regression relationships between density and compressive resistance at 1% strain.

Growing New Ideas



EPS is recyclable. EPS saves energy. EPS saves resources. EPS-IA members are vested in product stewardship that supports a circular economy, and they thrive on innovation to support ecological advantages. Versatile, reliable and available in a wide range of applications, EPS ensures safe transportation of the things we value and delivers maximum comfort and efficiency at home and work. The EPS industry is constantly working on new approaches to improving its protection, its recyclability and its insulation properties even more.

Despite ongoing misperceptions about its recyclability, EPS recycling is well established and consistently maintains one of the highest recycling rates among all plastics. For more than 30 years local community programs, in conjunction with recycling initiatives from large companies that use EPS packaging, have proven that creative and collaborative solutions provide positive results. With regular, recycled-content or biodegradable feedstocks, EPS foam has low global warming potential, low embodied energy and has developed recycled-content resin formulations.

Recycled EPS-Comparable-to-Nonrecycled-EPS-Geofoam.pdf



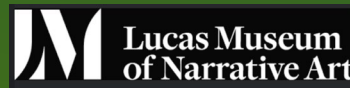
Fig. 35 a Stockpile of EPS from Løkkeberg Bridge. b Reuse of EPS blocks from Løkkeberg Bridge (NPRA)



PARTNERS



Oracle Group



DESIGN CONSULTANT:



AWARDS

ASCE 2002 Outstanding Civil Engineering Achievement (OPAL) Award,
Wasatch Constructors I-15 Reconstruction Design-Build Team, Salt Lake City,
Utah

ACEC Arizona 2006 Grand Award, Rockfall Containment and Safety,
SR 264 at 2nd Mesa, Arizona

ASCE 2010 Local Outstanding Civil Engineering Achievement Awards,
Geotechnical Category – Outstanding Award SR 519 / I-90 to SR 99,
Intermodal Access I/C Improvements Phase 2 Design Build Project
Seattle, Washington

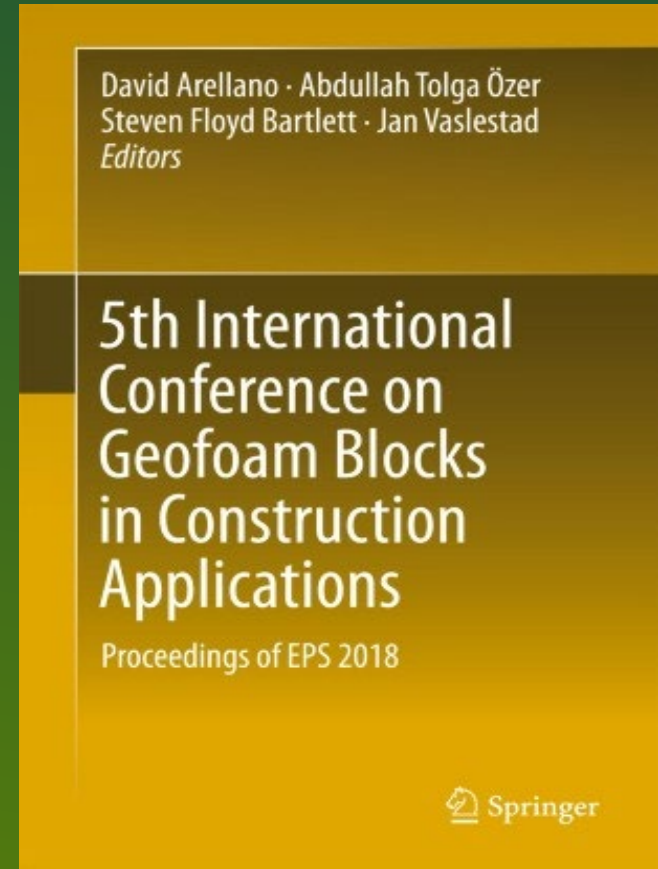
Rebuilding America's Infrastructure Magazine 2012,
Best of America's Infrastructure – Cost Saving Approaches,
Geofoam Embankments, UTA TRAX line, Salt Lake, City, Utah





<https://www.geofoam.com/?pdf=EPS-Geofoam-Applications-Technical-Data.pdf&id=968>

Authors: Stark, Bartlett and Arellano, 2012



<https://www.springerprofessional.de/en/5th-international-conference-on-geofom-blocks-in-construction-a/15790828?tocPage=1>